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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/054,422	01/22/2002	Simon Peter Valentine	3736-US	5221

56436 7590 07/12/2007  
3COM CORPORATION  
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MARLBOROUGH, MA 01752-3064

EXAMINER

SHINGLES, KRISTIE D

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2141

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07/12/2007

PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No. 10/054,422	Applicant(s) VALENTINE ET AL.	
	Examiner Kristie D. Shingles	Art Unit 2141	

**-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 April 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-8 and 10-13 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-8 and 10-13 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \*    c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)          | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____                                      |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)          | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____  | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                          |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Per Applicant's Request for Continued Examination**

Claims 1, 11 and 12 have been amended.

Claim 9 has been cancelled.

Claims 1-8 and 10-13 are pending.

### **Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114**

I. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 4/2/2007 has been entered.

### **Response to Arguments**

II. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 11 and 12 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### **Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103**

III. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

**IV. Claims 1-8 and 10-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Kracht* (USPN 6,377,987) in view of *Pulsipher* (US 2002/0124079).**

a. **Regarding claim 1**, *Kracht* teaches a method and computer readable medium including a computer program for determining the topology of a network when a network tree, built from data relating to discovered devices of the network, includes one or more unresolved branches, the method comprising: for each unresolved branch of the network tree, attempting to determine the type of each of the discovered network devices on the branch (*col.4 lines 30-40 and col.7 lines 26-45*).

While *Kracht* teaches the detection of black box (unidentifiable) devices in the network topology (*Figures 6a-6c, col.4 lines 55-60, col.5 lines 2-7, col.12 line 55-col.13 line 58*); *Kracht* fails to explicitly teach if the type of each discovered network device on the branch is determined to be a non-connecting network device, inferring that an undiscovered connecting device is present on the branch; and if the type of at least one discovered network device on the branch is not a non-connecting network device, leaving the topology of the branch unresolved. However, *Pulsipher* teaches inferring the presence of layer-2 non-connecting networking devices by detecting multiple addresses for a port on a network device used for a point-to-point connection, and if there the port on the network device is used a single point-to-point connection with only one detected address, inferring that there in there are no intervening devices (*page 1 paragraphs 0022-0026, page 3 paragraphs 0033 and 0040, page 4 paragraphs 0044-0045*).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of *Kracht* and *Pulsipher* for the purpose of determining topology information from port connection data, whereas detecting the connectivity relationship of devices and nodes, allows for more accurate inferences regarding the topology. Therefore, it would have been obvious to indicate an unknown/unmanaged branch of the network if a non-connecting network device was not detected on the branch, because the likelihood of the branch having of a non-connecting network device is high, but until the non-connecting network device is actually discovered and resolved it must still remain unresolved due to its unidentified status.

b. **Claim 11** contains limitations that are substantially equivalent to claim 1 and is therefore rejected under the same basis.

c. **Regarding claim 12**, *Kracht* teaches a network management apparatus for determining the topology of a network, the apparatus comprising: a memory for receiving and storing data relating to discovered devices on the network (*col.3 lines 55-67*); a processor, coupled to the memory, the processor configured to build a network tree using the received data (*Figure 8 and col.15 lines 54-57*) and, for each unresolved branch of the network tree to attempt to determine the type of each of the discovered network devices on the branch (*col.4 lines 30-40 and col.7 lines 26-45*).

While *Kracht* teaches the detection of black box (unidentifiable) devices in the network topology (*Figures 6a-6c, col.4 lines 55-60, col.5 lines 2-7, col.12 line 55-col.13 line 58*); *Kracht* fails to explicitly teach wherein if the type of every discovered network device on an unresolved branch is determined to be a non-connecting network device, the processor infers that

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an undiscovered connecting device is present on the branch; and if the type of at least one discovered network device on the branch is not a non-connecting network device, the processor does not infer the topology of the unresolved branch of the network.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of *Kracht* and *Pulsipher* for the purpose of determining topology information from port connection data, whereas detecting the connectivity relationship of devices and nodes, allows for more accurate inferences regarding the topology. Therefore, it would have been obvious to indicate an unknown/unmanaged branch of the network if a non-connecting network device was not detected on the branch, because the likelihood of the branch having of a non-connecting network device is high, but until the non-connecting network device is actually discovered and resolved it must still remain unresolved due to its unidentified status.

d. **Regarding claim 2**, *Kracht* and *Pulsipher* teach the method as claimed in claim 1, *Kracht* further teaches the method wherein, if an undiscovered network device is inferred to be present on a branch the method further comprises the step of: resolving the topology of the branch by determining that the discovered network devices on the branch are connected to respective ports of the inferred connecting device (*Figures 6a-6c, col.4 lines 55-60, col.5 lines 2-7 and col.12 line 55-col.13 line 58*).

e. **Regarding claim 3**, *Kracht* and *Pulsipher* teach the method as claimed in claim 1, *Kracht* further teaches the method further comprising the step of: presenting the determined network topology as a network map, the map comprising icons representing network devices and

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lines representing network links, wherein the inferred connecting device is represented differently from a discovered connecting device (*Figure 8 and col.15 line 54-col.16 line 4*).

f. **Regarding claim 4**, *Kracht* and *Pulsipher* teach the method as claimed in claim 1, *Kracht* further teaches the method wherein the received data comprises address table data for the ports of one or more managed connecting devices on the network, the address table data including the identity of each said port and the identity of other network devices which the port has learned (*col.3 lines 55-67, col.4 lines 10-12, col.4 line 60-col.5 line 7 and col.9 lines 4-13, 45-53 and 54-67; Pulsipher—page 3 paragraphs 0039-0040, page 4 paragraphs 0042-0044*).

g. **Regarding claim 5**, *Kracht* teaches a method as claimed in claim 4, further comprising the steps, in building the network tree, of selecting a discovered connecting device as a root node, and building a data representation of the tree from the root node (*Figure 8*), the data representation comprising at least one branch from a respective port of the root node, each branch comprising the identity of the port and the identity of at least one child node on the branch (*col.15 line 54-col.16 line 4*).

h. **Regarding claim 6**, *Kracht* teaches a method as claimed in claim 5, wherein after building the network tree, the method comprises the step of: determining whether the topology of one or more branches of the tree is unresolved (*col.12 lines 55-67*).

i. **Regarding claim 7**, *Kracht* teaches a method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the step of determining whether the topology of one or more branches of the tree is unresolved comprises the steps of: a) selecting a port of the root node; b) considering whether the branch from the selected port has more than one child node, and c) if the branch from the port has more

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than one child node, determining that the branch is unresolved (*Figures 5a-5b and col.11 line 62-col.12 line 30*).

j. **Regarding claim 8**, *Kracht* teaches a method as in claim 7, further comprising the step of repeating steps a), b) and c) for each port of each discovered connecting device (*Figures 5a-5b and col.11 line 62-col.12 line 30*).

k. **Regarding claim 10**, *Kracht* and *Pulsipher* teach the method as claimed in claim 1, *Kracht* further teaches the method wherein the network tree is built using the steps of: receiving data relative to discovered devices on the network, and using the received data to build a network tree (*Figure 8, col.3 lines 55-67 and col.15 lines 54-57*).

l. **Regarding claim 13**, *Kracht* and *Pulsipher* teach the network management apparatus as claimed in claim 12, *Kracht* further teaches the apparatus further comprising: means for presenting a network map showing the determined topology of the network selected from the group consisting of a display and a printer (*Figures 7-8 and col.17 lines 53-55; Pulsipher—page 2 paragraphs 0024-0026*).

### Conclusion

V. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: Peters (6,097,727).

VI. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Kristie D. Shingles whose telephone number is 571-272-3888. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday 8:00am-5:30pm.



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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rupal Dharia can be reached on 571-272-3880. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

*Kristie D Shingles*  
*Examiner*  
*Art Unit 2141*

*kds*



JASON CARDONE  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER